

TRI-WEEKLY KENTUCKY YEOMAN.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

VOL. XIX.

THE TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN.

Steamboat Departures.
Steamer Blue Wing No. 3 leaves every Tuesday and Friday at 12 A. M. for Louisville.
Steamer Wren leaves every Saturday at 12 M. for Cincinnati.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

FRANKFORT AND LOUISVILLE.
On and after May 14th, 1871, trains will leave Frankfort daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

For Louisville..... 7:45 A. M. 3:15 P. M.
Arrive at Louisville..... 11:40 A. M. 6:35 P. M.
Leave Louisville..... 2:30 P. M. 6:00 A. M.
Arrive at Frankfort..... 7:00 P. M. 9:15 A. M.

Stage Departures.
LEAVES
Harridburg and Danville, (Daily)..... 9:30 A. M.
Shelbyville, (Daily)..... 9:00 A. M.
Georgetown and Paris, (Tri-Weekly)..... 10:00 A. M.
Offices at Capital Hotel.

Time for Closing the Mails.

First Louisville and Western mail closes..... 9:30 A. M.
First Lexington, Cincinnati, and Eastern mail closes..... 8:25 A. M.
Second Louisville and Western mail closes..... 2:45 P. M.
Second Lexington, Cincinnati, and Eastern mail closes..... 6:45 P. M.
Danville mail closes at..... 9:00 A. M.
Midway, Versailles, and Georgetown mail closes..... 7:30 A. M.
Bridgeport and Clay Village mail closes..... 7:30 A. M.
Forks of Elkhorn, Great Crost, and White Sulphur mail closes..... 9:00 A. M.
Offices open from 7 o'clock A. M. to 6:30 P. M.
JAMES G. HATCHITT, P. M.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

Charlie had a little dog.
With hair as black as jet;
And every place that Charlie went
The pup went too, you bet.

He followed him to school one day,
That happened to be near,
But when the teacher booted him,
He walked off on his ear.

Returning home he met a cow,
And at the cow did fly;
She tossed him up five hundred feet,
And how is that for high?

The poor beast ne'er came down again,
And Charles was left a mourner,
For the poor lugged in the steep top
Of the little church 'round the corner.

When Charlie heard his darling's fate,
A word he scarcely said;
But tugged me in little bed,
Put me in my little bed.

The New York World makes the death of Sir Roderick Murchison the occasion of the following reference to the great African traveler, Dr. Livingstone, who, when last heard from, was somewhere near Ujiji, our memory serves us rightly:

The death of Sir Roderick Murchison may be the salvation, so far as rumor is concerned, of Dr. Livingstone. Whenever any of the friends of the latter gentleman have fancied that the public interest in him began to fade, they have stimulated it by judicially killing him under circumstances of harrowing atrocity. Sir Roderick had an absorbing faith in the toughness of Dr. Livingstone, and always expressed a confidence in his continued existence that kept the question whether he was alive or dead open to discussion. In this way the eminent traveler was professedly advertised, and the pious purpose of his friends fulfilled. Now that Sir Roderick is dead, any further attempts to slaughter Dr. Livingstone will be useless. The public would quietly accept the rumor of his crucifixion or incineration as true, and would straightway proceed to forget all about him. We may, therefore, expect to hear nothing but the most favorable tidings from the African explorer until such time as we may return to England, ready to launch a new volume of travels.

Shall we Meet Again?

"But the flat of nature is inexorable. There is no appeal for relief from the great law which dooms us to dust. We flourish and fade as the leaves of the forest, and the flowers that bloom and wither in a day, have no trailer hold on life than the mightiest monarch that ever shook the earth with his footstep. Generations of men will appear and disappear as the grass, and the countless multitudes that throng the world to-day will to-morrow disappear as the footprints on the shore."

"Men seldom think of the great event of death until the shadow falls across their own path, hiding from their eyes the traces of loved ones, whose living smiles were the sunlight of their existence. Death is the greatest antagonist of life, and the cold thought of the tomb is the skeleton of all fears. We do not want to go through the dark valley, although its passage may lead to Paradise; and, with Charles Lamb, we do not want to lie down in the grave, even with princes for our bedfellows."

"In the beautiful drama of Ion, the instinct of immortality, so eloquently uttered by the death of the devoted Greek, finds a deep response in every thoughtful soul. When about to yield his young existence a sacrifice to fate, his beloved Cleantha asks if they shall not meet again, to which he replies, 'I asked that dreadful questions of him that seemed eternal—of the clear streams that flow forever—of the stars, among whose fields of azure my raised spirit has walked.' As I look upon thy living face, I feel that there is something in thy love that cannot really perish. We shall meet again, Cleantha."

George D. Prentiss.

MISCEGENATION STILL ILLEGAL.—In Georgia recently a white man and a colored woman, who had been married under a license duly issued by the ordinary, were in a State court convicted of adultery and sentenced to imprisonment, on the ground that marriage between the white and black races are forbidden by a State statute, and are therefore illegal and void. They sued out a writ of *habeas corpus*, and had their case taken before Judge Erskine of the United States District Court, claiming that the law under which they had been convicted was in contravention of the first section of the Fourteenth Amendment, which provides that no State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of any citizens of the United States. Judge Erskine decided that the validity of the statute in question had not been affected by the adoption of the amendment, and that the pretended marriage of the parties was illegal, and their conviction just and proper under the laws. According to this decision, the marriage of a white man to a black woman is neither a privilege nor a right.

UNITED STATES GOLD COIN.—Only five kinds of gold coins were ever issued by the United States Government, as legalized by act of Congress—\$1, \$3, \$5, \$10, and \$20. Any others are not legal, and were issued by private parties. The first \$50 gold pieces were made in Australia, and therefore were called in England kangaroos. They were then also made in California, of octagon shape; and in order to prevent shaving, their weight was stamped upon them.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, to do any kind of Brick Laying, Graving, or Repairing.

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RSDAY NOVEMBER 2, 1871.

Governor Leslie, after an absence of nearly a fortnight in Glasgow, whither he went to wind up his business in the Barren circuit court, has returned to Frankfort. His family will probably join him in the Executive Mansion next week.

Hon. William Lindsay, Judge of the Court of Appeals, has rented the house on Ann street, lately occupied by Joseph L. Rodman, with a view to making Frankfort his residence during his judicial term, and has gone to Hickman for his family.

BARBER SHOP AND BILLIARDS. — Mr. Wm. Kesler has leased the Capital Hotel barber shop and billiard room. Both rooms have been refitted in the most improved styles. Hair-cutting, dressing, dyeing, &c., &c., for gentlemen, ladies, and children, are done in the most fashionable and improved manner. The billiard tables have been modernized and supplied with the best cushions, balls, and cues.

There can be no kind of doubt, says the Cincinnati Enquirer, that the sale of the Short Line Railway to the Chesapeake Company is a severe blow to the Pennsylvania Central. The blow will not be bad enough to affect Mr. Scott's presidential candidacy, however.

Governor Bullock, of Georgia, resigned on the 23d of October, to take effect on the 1st. Benj. Conley, President of the Senate, was installed as Governor. Bullock's resignation was written before he went to New York. Great excitement prevails.

Yesterday was a damp, cloudy, and uncertain kind of day. At times the impression was that it was turning cold, and again the good long rainy spell so ardently wished for by parties short of coal seemed about to begin. To-day, we presume, we shall know what we are to expect.

BASE BALL. — The decisive game for the championship of the United States was played between the Athletics, of Philadelphia, and the White Stockings, of Chicago, at New York on the 30th ult. The game resulted in favor of the Athletics, by a score of four to one.

James H. Soward was arrested in Covington on Saturday as a fugitive from justice. He is charged with shooting with intent to kill in Harrison county, Ky., and the arrest was made at the instance of two citizens of the above county, who are securities for his appearance at the criminal court in Cynthiana. They were apprehensive that he was about to leave the State.

THE PRAIRIE FARMER. — This old standard reliable agricultural paper comes to us reduced to one-half its former size. The great fire entirely destroyed the large and complete printing establishment from which it was formerly issued, and, until type, presses, &c., can be procured, it will be printed half-size. The prospects promises, however, that in two or three weeks they will again be in readiness to serve their patrons with as large and handsome a sheet as they printed before the fire. They are men of energy and practical experience, and will soon recover their losses. Delinquent subscribers and advertisers are asked to promptly pay up their dues, and they solicit, as we trust they will receive, the help of thousands of new patrons. Subscription \$2 per year. Address Prairie Farmer Company, No. 96 west Randolph street, Chicago, Illinois.

INSURANCE. — A New York dispatch of October 30th says: "The National Insurance Convention to-day completed its discussion on the report of the committee on legislation. It was, however, recommitted with the amendment prepared and adopted, and will be returned for further consideration. The election of officers was then proceeded with, when the following permanent officers were chosen unanimously: Geo. Miller, of Albany, President; Llewellyn Breese, of Madison, Wis., Vice President; Henry L. Olcott, of N. Y., Secretary. The following gentlemen were appointed as an Executive Committee: G. W. Smith, S. H. Rose, J. L. Clark, J. Williams, and J. F. Hartraut. The convention then adjourned sine die."

NEW ORLEANS RACES. — The Metairie races commence on the 5th of December, with three races each day. \$10,000 in prizes and stakes are offered. There will be two hurdle races and one steeple chase during the meeting.

A crowd of not less than two hundred, mostly composed of negroes, were at the depot yesterday afternoon to see the arrival of the "Japs."

For all plumbing or gas fitting, call on Oscar Seeley, St. Clair street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

During the approaching canvass for subscriptions to the Kentucky and Great Eastern Railroad, Generals John C. Fremont and N. P. Banks will speak in the counties of Lewis, Greenup, and Boyd.

Rev. H. A. M. Henderson, Superintendent of Public Instruction, has removed from Lexington to this city, and is now permanently located here.

See advertisement of house and lot for sale in South Frankfort. Apply to W. H. Hall.

For cheap gas fixtures, go to Seeley's, St. Clair street.

GOOD TEMPLARS. — Capital Lodge will meet in the Masonic Lodge room to-night (Thursday) at 7½ o'clock. By order of J. W. PAYNE, Jr., W. C. T.

W. B. ROBINSON, W. S.

The county jail of Greenup county has been without an occupant for nine weeks.

John G. Stokes, of the Alabama State Journal, will be appointed Minister to Brazil.

The saloon keepers of Newport propose holding a mass meeting next Monday evening, for the purpose of considering what action may be necessary to defend themselves against indictments found by the last grand jury, and to form a protective association.

POLITIC. — Mrs. Reed, residing ten miles northwest of Russellville, Logan county, Ky., gave birth to four male children some six weeks ago. The little cherubs are all alive and kicking. The mother is said to be one of triplets herself.

The Eastern Kentucky Hide and Leather Company, of Covington, has filed its certificate of incorporation with the county clerk. Capital, \$150,000. George W. Howell, John E. Cledening, and A. O. Goshorn are the corporators.

The contract for the sale of the Louisville, Cincinnati, and Lexington Railroad to the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company, was "signed, sealed, and delivered," at Louisville on Monday.

The Crosby Opera House, of Chicago, will not be rebuilt. A business block will be put up on the old site.

The Vicksburg Times is in mourning for the death of William Atkins, one of the editors of that paper. He died of yellow fever.

Edgelfield, opposite Nashville, has voted \$50,000 toward the construction of a free bridge over the Cumberland at that place.

For main or sewer pipe, at low prices go to Seeley's, St. Clair street.

Hunters of wild pigeons are about Knoxville, Tennessee. They take the birds in a net and sometimes as many as sixty dozen are taken at one haul of the net.

A full Cabinet meeting was held at Washington on Tuesday, for the first time in eighteen months.

Meade county has voted the Louisville, Memphis, and New Orleans railroad tax by a large majority.

The passenger train from Lexington yesterday afternoon was forty-five minutes behind time.

Henry A. Bonner has been appointed postmaster at Allison, Ky., vice Joseph McConnell, suspended.

A CHALLANGE — \$100 to \$500 dollars. Open to any person in Frankfort that can produce as skillful a specimen of plumbing (their own make) as done at Seeley's, St. Clair street.

Recovery of the Will of a Confederate General.

From the New York Sun, Oct. 24.

Henry Dillon, an ex-Union soldier, proprietor of a newspaper-stand at Montgomery and Hudson streets, Jersey City, yesterday received a check for \$500 from the daughter of the late General Stegman, of the Confederate army. The circumstances under which the money was paid are romantic. During the war Dillon served in the Second New Jersey cavalry. He accompanied his regiment on Grierson's famous raid through Mississippi, and while on a scouting expedition one day encountered General Stegman and one of his staff officers. Shots were exchanged, and the rebel General fell from his saddle, mortally wounded. The staff officer fled, but was overtaken and captured by a comrade of Dillon's. In his dying moments, General Stegman requested his slayer to take from one of his inside pockets his will, bequeathing all his property to his wife and daughter, and a life insurance policy for \$40,000. He asked Dillon to keep them and send them to his family.

The appended little poem, which will be vividly appreciated and enjoyed by every educated mother in the country—and every paterfamilias, too—does not appear in the collection, having been written in 1868. It was first published in the old Louisville Journal by the gifted, lamented George D. Prentiss, who introduced it to his readers with the following characteristic prelude: "We are not in the habit now of publishing poetry, but we take exceeding pleasure in publishing the following beautiful little song upon the most charming little child, we think, that was ever born into the world!"

(For the Yeoman.)
POEMS: By Alice McClure Griffin (of Louisville, Ky.); Rickey & Carroll, publishers, Cincinnati, Ohio, 1864.

This neat and unpretending little duodecimo was placed in our hands some weeks ago by a Louisville friend; but amid the multiplicity of engagements of a pressing character, it was not until a day or two since that we could find time to examine it and enjoy the rich treat which, somewhat unexpectedly, greeted us. The reputation of the authoress had, indeed, prepared us to anticipate nothing but true poetry, but not of that very high order of merit which we actually found. As a Southerner, and as a Kentuckian, we are proud of this true Southern and native Kentuckian poetess; and our wonder is, that genius of so pronounced, and high, and pure a type, has not long ere this won a wider fame. For, as surely, the volume before us, small as it is, teems with evidences of the vision and faculty divine, and affords abundant proof that whatever may be said of some of the literary pretenders of our time who have made far more noise in the world, Mrs. Griffin, at least, is not one of those of whom it can be said, that she "Never saw the light that never was
On sea or land."

One who possesses a scintilla of the true poetic sentiment can read "The Voice of the Streamlet," "The Radiance of Eternity," "The Tear Drop on the Heart," "Impromptu Lines," "To my Husband," "Live and Laugh," "A Southern Tour," and many other pieces that might be named, without having that sentiment touched and aroused to the highest pitch of emotional enjoyment. We would be glad, if space permitted, to quote several of these perfect poems in this brief and altogether inadequate notice; but we can do better still for the reader, and that is, to suggest to him that the first time he goes to Louisville or Cincinnati, to call at any of the book-stores of either place and supply himself with the book itself. We can promise him, if he has any "music in his soul," a season of exquisite enjoyment in its perusal. To this will be added a feeling of patriotic pride that the genius which produced such poetry is truly and broadly Southern.

A Burns-like Scotch "Song" in this collection of gems, dedicated to the "Burns' Club" of Cincinnati, and conceived in the very essence of the spirit and poetry of "the heathy hills" of "Auld Scotia," leads us to the conjecture that Mrs. Griffin is at least a near descendant—grand-daughter, perhaps—or that storied and romantic land—land immortalized and pictured in the memories of the peoples of all other lands, by the genius of two such royal bards as Walter Scott and Robert Burns.

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VIRGILINE—A SONG.

BY ALICE MCCLURE GRIFFIN.

Never on mermaid's golden tresses
Glittered a pearl in the waters green
As pure as the one my heart possesses,
My darling, my baby Virgiline;

Sweet Virgiline, my baby queen,
Beautiful baby Virgiline.

Thou camest when the blossoming roses
Gladly the beautiful summer scene,
But not a rose to the sun discloses
Beauty like thine, my Virgiline;

Sweet Virgiline, my baby queen,
Beautiful baby Virgiline.

Never a care now my heart oppresses;
Never a cloud on my brow is seen;

All dissolve in the fond caresses

Of my bright-eyed baby Virgiline;

Sweet Virgiline, my baby queen,
Beautiful baby Virgiline.

LOUISVILLE, September 18th, 1868.

For cheap pumps and hydrants, go to Seeley's, St. Clair street.

DECISIONS OF COURT OF APPEALS.

(Reprinted Expressly for the Kentucky Yeoman by Daniel James, Attorney at Law, Frankfort, Ky.)

FRANKFORT, October 31, 1871.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Lester vs. Winfrey, Campbellhead dismissed. Jenkins vs. Jackson, Loving & Co., Warren; reversed. Hurl vs. Ricketts, Jefferson; reversed. David vs. Judge of Perry County Court, Perry; dismissed. Meguer vs. Neely, Simpson; reversed.

ORDERS.

O'Bryan vs. O'Bryan, Meade; copy judgment, order granting appeal, and appeal bond filed, and appeal dismissed with damages.

Howard vs. Phillips, &c., &c., Jess-mine; reply to petition for rehearing filed.

Howard's adm'r vs. Cooper, Morgan; response to petition for rehearing delivered, and petition for rehearing overruled.

Stokes vs. Watkins, Warren; non-suit against appellant.

Porter vs. Taylor, &c., Butler.

Porter vs. Taylor, &c., Butler.

Commonwealth vs. Rothrock, Muhlenburg; submitted on brief.

Hall, &c., vs. Cooper, Morgan; response to petition for rehearing delivered, and petition for rehearing overruled.

Howard vs. Phillips, &c., &c., Morgan; and for appellants, and submitted.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company vs. Gilmer's adm'r, Warren; argued by Hon. J. R. Underwood for appellant.

Stokes vs. Harrison, &c., Scott; time extended until Dec. 1, 1871, made, administration.

Gillen, &c., vs. Clayton's adm'r, Daviss; petition for rehearing filed.

English's adm'r vs. Cooper, Carroll; petition for rehearing filed.

Stein vs. Watson, Henderson;

Neale vs. Evans, Webster;

Neale vs. Evans, Webster; affl. levies filed, and re-agreeable bond for costs on or before the 10th November, 1871.

Broaden vs. Harrison, &c., Scott; time extended until Dec. 1, 1871, made, administration.

Beckwith vs. Louisville, Harrison, revised, re-agreeable bond for costs on or before the 10th November, 1871.

Gillen, &c., vs. Clayton's adm'r, Daviss; petition for rehearing filed.

English's adm'r vs. Cooper, Carroll; petition for rehearing filed.

Stein vs. Watson, Henderson;

Neale vs. Evans, Webster;

Neale vs. Evans, Webster; affl. levies filed, and re-agreeable bond for costs on or before the 10th November, 1871.

Broaden vs. Harrison, &c., Scott; time extended until Dec. 1, 1871, made, administration.

Trouton vs. Greenville Faculty vs. Mann, &c., Muhlenburg; non-suit entered against appellant.

Bank of Elkhorn, Kennedy, &c., Todd; continued until next term of this Court.

Long vs. Elkhorn, Kennedy, &c., Todd; continued until next term of this Court.

Trouton vs. Greenville Faculty vs. Mann, &c., Muhlenburg; non-suit entered against appellant.

Bass vs. McKeon, Boyle;

Lewis et al. vs. Adams, Todd; submitted on brief.

Long vs. Elkhorn, Kennedy, &c., Todd; continued until next term of this Court.

Bank of Elkhorn, Kennedy, &c., Todd; continued until next term of this Court.

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THE TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN.

How Red-Hot Iron may be Handled.

Mons. I. Fontelle, President de la Societe des Sciences Physiques et Chimiques de Paris, &c., has left the following on record: "About the year 1809 one Lionetto, a Spaniard, astonished not only the ignorant, but chemists and other men of science, in France, Germany, Italy, and England, by the impunity with which he handled red-hot iron and molten lead, drank boiling oil, and performed other feats equally miraculous. While he was at Naples he attracted the notice of Prof. Sementoni, who narrowly watched all his operations, and endeavored to discover his secret. He observed, in the first place, that when Lionetto applied a piece of red-hot iron to his hair dense fumes immediately rose from it, and the same occurred when he touched his foot with the iron. He also saw him place a rod of iron, nearly red-hot, between his teeth without hurting himself, drink the third of a tablespoonful of boiling oil, and, taking up molten lead with his fingers, place it on his tongue without apparent inconvenience. Sementoni's efforts, after performing several experiments upon himself, were finally crowned with complete success. He found that, by friction with sulphuric acid, diluted with water, the skin might be made insensible to the action of the heat of red-hot iron; a solution of alum, evaporated until it became spongy, appeared to be more effectual in these frictions. After having rubbed the parts which were thus rendered, in some degree, incombustible, with hard soap, he discovered on the application of hot iron that their insensibility was increased. He then determined on again rubbing the parts with soap, and after this found that the hot iron not only occasioned no pain, but that it actually did not burn the hair. Being thus far satisfied, the professor applied hard soap to his tongue until it became insensible to the heat of the iron; and after having placed an ointment composed of soap mixed with a solution of alum upon it, boiling oil did not burn it; while the oil remained on the tongue a slight hissing was heard, similar to that of hot iron when thrust into hot water; the oil soon cooled, and might then be swallowed without danger. Several scientific men have since successfully repeated the experiments of Prof. Sementoni."

Points of Sunrise and Sunset in Different Seas.

When you could stand on the north pole of our earth, the sun would, during the summer time, never set, and on the longest day of the year, move round and round always 224 deg. above your horizon. When, on that day, you were 224 deg. from the pole—thus at latitude 77 1/2 deg. (the polar circle)—you would see the sun at midnight just touch the horizon, and your day would be still 24 hours long, without night. This takes place at Tornea, in Sweden, and people from more southern regions go there that day on excursions to see the phenomenon of the sun not setting at all. If you go more south, the length of the night increases, so that at 50 deg. latitude it is about 5 hours long; at 40 deg., about 8 hours; and at 30 deg., 11 hours. Between the tropics, the sun rises and sets at 6 the whole year round. That we, in our latitude, see the sun longer than 12 hours in winter, above the horizon, is that in summer apparent motion is in a circle.

DO Labor, I say, is man's great function. The earth and the atmosphere are his laboratory. With spade and plow, with mining shafts, and furnaces, and forges, with fire and steam, amidst the noise and roar of swift and bright machinery, and abroad in the silent fields beneath the roofing sky, man was made to be ever working, ever experimenting. And while he, and all his dwellings of care and toil, are borne onward with the circling skies, and the show of heaven, are passed him, and their infinite depth image and invite his thoughts, still in all the worlds of philosophy, in the universe of intellect, man must be a worker. He is nothing, he can be nothing, he can achieve nothing, fulfill nothing, without working.

Day.

DO "Does the widow Bagley live here?" "The widow Bagley?" No, sir!" "Well, she does. But have it your own way. Well, does Judge Bagley live here?" "Yes, Judge Bagley lives here." "I'll bet he doesn't. But never mind—it ain't for me to contradict. And while he, and all his dwellings of care and toil, are borne onward with the circling skies, and the show of heaven, are passed him, and their infinite depth image and invite his thoughts, still in all the worlds of philosophy, in the universe of intellect, man must be a worker. He is nothing, he can be nothing, he can achieve nothing, fulfill nothing, without working."

TANNING SHEEPSKINS WITH THE WOOL ON.—The American Artisan says: About every six weeks we have an inquiry as to the best method of tanning sheepskins with the wool on for use as door-mats, rugs, etc. Here are the directions: Take the skin upon a board with the flesh side out, and then scrape with a blunt knife; next rub it over hard with pulverized chalk until it will absorb no more. Then take the skin from the board, and cover it with pulverized alum, double half way over with flesh side in contact, then roll tight together, and keep dry for three days, after which unfold it, and stretch it again on a board or door, and dry in the air, and it will be ready for use.

CHARLOTTE RUSS.—Place a pan containing one cup of boiling water on the fire and dissolve it in one ounce of isinglass or gelatin; let it simmer until it is reduced to one-half; sweeten and flavor with vanilla one a half cups of sweet milk, and add it to the above; let it boil slowly 15 minutes, add the beaten yolks of four eggs, and let it thicken; lastly, add one quart of sweet cream beaten up with the whites of four eggs; let it cool; line the bottom and sides of a deep glass dish with sponge cake, and pour the russet over it. Make at 6 o'clock, A.M., if wanted for tea.

TO REMOVE STAINS FROM LINEN.—To remove stains from linen, such as wine-fruit, or rust, a solution of hyposulphite of soda is applied to the spots, and, when thoroughly soaked, enough strong vinegar is added to cover the stain; pulverized tartaric acid will be better than vinegar, if spread on the spots. Leave the spots for a short time to be acted upon by the chemicals, and then wash out in plenty of soft water.

CENTER HARBOR BISCUIT.—Melt one half cup of butter in one pint of new milk, when it is lukewarm add one egg, well beaten, and one half pint good sweet yeast and flour enough to make a thick batter, let them rise two or three hours, if very light, then knead well and let them rise again, and when light roll out, cut them like other biscuits; when light bake half an hour.

HOLLOW HORN REMEDY.—The following remedy can be relied upon: "First put a little turpentine between and back of the horns; then take two tea-cups full of salt and water, and pour one in each ear; both at the same time—once a day for three successive days. This cures the hollow horn every time."

TO KEEP GLUE FROM SOURING.—If a little muratic acid be put into glue when it is dissolved, ready for use, it will retain the glue in the same condition for a long time. It will neither dry up nor ferment. The use of a small portion of sugar of lead will also prevent fermentation.

BREAD CAKE.—Two pounds bread dough after it is raised, one pound sugar, one half pound butter, four eggs, one cup raisins stoned, one teaspoonful soda, a little cinnamon; bake as soon as mixed.

DO FIGURES.—It is said that the reason why clerks stare so much at pretty women is because their business requires them to "have an eye to figures."

DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICES.
Governor—PRESTON H. LESLIE.
Secretary of State—A. J. JAMES.
Assistant Secretary of State—W. H. BOTT.
Attorney General—JOHN RODMAN.
Auditor—D. HOWARD SMITH.
Treasurer—JAMES W. TATE.
Register—J. A. GRANT.
Superintendent Public Instruction—H. A. SMITH.
Assistant Insurance Commissioner—HENRY T. STANTON.
Librarian—GEORGE B. CRITTENDEN.
Keeper of Penitentiary—J. W. SOUTH.
Public Printer—S. I. M. MAJOR.
Public Binder—JOHN MARTIN, JR.
COURT OF APPEALS.
Chief Justice—W. S. PRYOR.
Associate Judges—M. R. HARDIN, B. J. PEYRUS, and W. M. LINDSAY.
Reporter—W. P. D. BUSH.
Clerk—ALVIN DUVALL.

CITY DIRECTORY.

Mayor—R. H. TAYLOR.
Police Judge—JOHN B. MAJOR.
Clerk—S. C. SAYRES.
Attorney—JOHN W. RODMAN.
Treasurer—J. R. GRAHAM.
Marshal—H. HYDE.
Board Common Councilmen—E. H. TAYLOR, JR., A. G. BRAWNER, JAS. G. DUDLEY, B. F. MEER, A. J. JAMES, W. P. D. BUSH, L. T. TOWIN, M. H. P. WILLIAMS.
Board School Trustees—G. C. DRANE, D. L. HALEY, J. G. HATCHITT.

FRANKLIN CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—G. C. DRANE.
Commonwealth's Attorney—J. D. LILLARD.
Clerk—WALTER FRANKLIN.
Sheriff—JOSEPH ROBINSON.
Jailer—ROBERT W. LAWLER.
Assessor—PETER JETT.
Coroner—J. R. GRAHAM.
Court convenes Third Monday in February and last Monday in August. Chancery Term—Fourth Monday in June. Fiscal Term—Last Monday in January.

FRANKLIN COUNTY COURT.

Presiding Judge—R. A. THOMSON.
Clerk—AMES G. CROCKETT.
County Attorney—IRA JULIAN.
Court convenes first Monday in each month.

Franklin County Quarterley Court—Holds its terms on the second Monday in January, April, July, and October.

JUSTICES' COURTS.

First District—Geo. W. Gwin—Second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Phillip Swigert—First Saturday in March, June, September, and December. F. D. Reddish, Constable.

Second District, B. F. Head—Fourth Saturday in March, June, September, and December. G. C. Highs—On Saturday after the First Monday in March, June, September, and December. James Hughes, Constable.

Third District, William Morris—On First Saturday after second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Milton Wiggin—On Thursday after second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Flournoy Satterwhite, Constable.

Fourth District—U. V. Williams and John W. Jackson—Both on First Saturday in March, June, September, and December. G. B. Harrod, Constable.

Fifth District, Joseph Harrod—Fourth Friday in March, June, September, and December. Nelson Moore—On Third Friday in March, June, September, and December. George Harrod, Constable.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

M. E. CHURCH, S. U. —Rev. T. J. DOOL, Pastor
Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.
Class Meeting immediately after morning service.

Sunday School—2 1/2 P. M.
Prayer meeting—Thursday, 7 P. M.
Church meeting—Fourth Sunday, 9 A. M.
Steward's meetings—Monday 7 P. M.
Sunday School Teachers' meeting—Wednesday 7 P. M.

PRESTYERIAL CHURCH—Rev. J. H. NEBBUT, Pastor.
Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.
Sunday school—2 P. M.

Prayer meeting—Friday, 7 P. M.
CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Eld. T. N. ARNOLD, Pastor.
Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.
Sunday school—9 A. M.

Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.
CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. L. YOUNG.
Sunday services—8 A. M.; 10 A. M.
Divine service every morning at 7.

ASCENSION CHURCH (P. E.)—Rev. L. C. LANCE, Rector.
Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.
Sunday school—9 1/2 A. M.

Divine service—Friday, 4 P. M.
Sunday service—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.
Sunday School—9 A. M.

Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.

SUNDAY SCHOOL—Rev. L. W. SEELEY, D. D. Pastor.

Sunday service—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.

Sunday School—9 A. M.

Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Rev. L. W. SEELEY, D. D. Pastor.

Sunday service—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.

Sunday School—9 A. M.

Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Rev. L. W. SEELEY, D. D. Pastor.

Sunday service—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.

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from two years old down, which he offers for
sale to the trade on reasonable terms for cash.

DO FIGURES. It is said that the reason why clerks stare so much at pretty women is because their business requires them to "have an eye to figures."

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OFFICIAL.

Proclamation by the Governor

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN
to me that the WALTER THOMAS, and ED.
PORTER, are charged with the murder
of Mr. PENNY in Butcher County, and
now a fugitive from justice, going at large.

Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting
Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby
offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS each

for the apprehension of said John Russell, his delivery to the Jailer of Butler County.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto
set my hand, and caused the seal of the
Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at
Frankfort, the 25th day of August, A. D.
1871, and in the 80th year of the Com-
munity.

P. H. LESLIE.

By the Governor:
A. J. JAMES, Secretary of State.
aoct29-3m

Proclamation by the Governor

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN
to me that the JOHN SHACKLETT stands
in the Fayette Circuit Court, and is now a fugitive
from justice, going at large.